

Injectable Therapy in Diabetes Management

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Diabetes prevalence has been estimated less than reality...



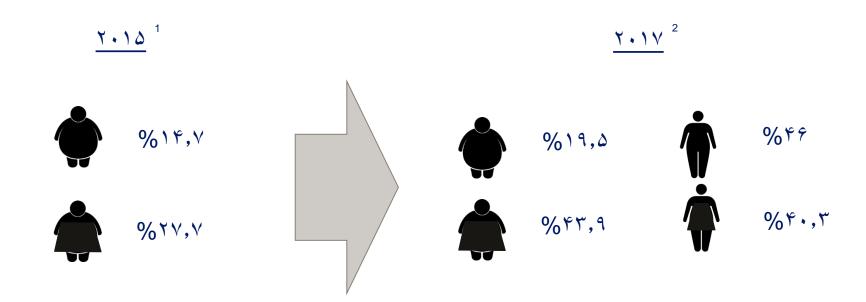
Number of people with diabetes has been reported 463 million in 2019, half of which do not know about their disease...

Prevalence of T2DM in Iran in an epidemiological study during 2005-2011

Prevalence of diabetes has raised by 35.1% from 2005 to 2011

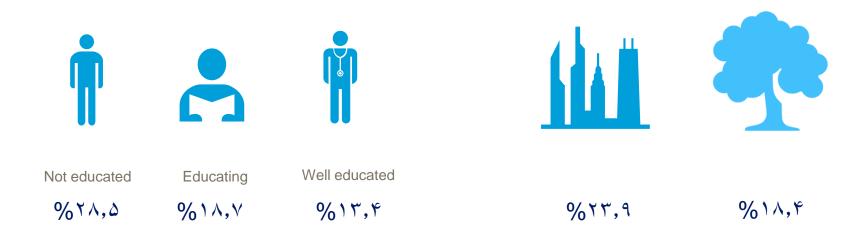
Undiagnosed diabetes has reduced from 45.7% to 24.7% during 2005-2011

Obesity in Iran



^{1.}Bakhshi et al, ۲۰۱۵; Iran Red Crescent Med J. 2015 June; 17(6): e22479. 2.Khabazkhoob et al ۲۰۱۷; *Iran J Public Health, Vol. 46, No.6, Jun 2017, pp.827-834*

Rate of obesity among Iranian people



Treatment goals

- Fasting plasma glucose: 80-130mg/dl
- Post prandial plasma glucose: ≤180mg/dl
- HbA₁c: ≤7%
- Blood pressure: ≤140/90mmHg
- LDL cholesterol: ≤100mg/dl

Oral anti-diabetic medications

- Biguanides: Metformin
- Sulphonylureas: Glibenclamide
- Meglitinides: Repaglinide
- Thiazolidinediones: Pioglitazone
- Alfa glucosidase inhibitors: Acarbose
- Dipeptidil peptidase 4 inhibitors: sitagliptine
- Sodium-glucose linked transporter 2 inhibitors: Dapagliflosine

Injectable therapies in diabetes management

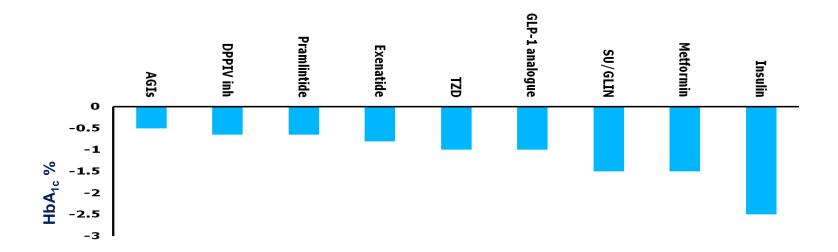
- Insulin
- Glucagon-like Peptide 1 Receptor Agonist

Comparison of different treatments

	SU	TZD	DPP4i	GLP-1 RA	Insulin
↓HbA _{1c}	good	Good	Moderate	Good	Very good
Risk of hypoglycemia	high	Low	Low	Very low	High
Weight effect	<u></u>	↑	\leftrightarrow	↓	↑

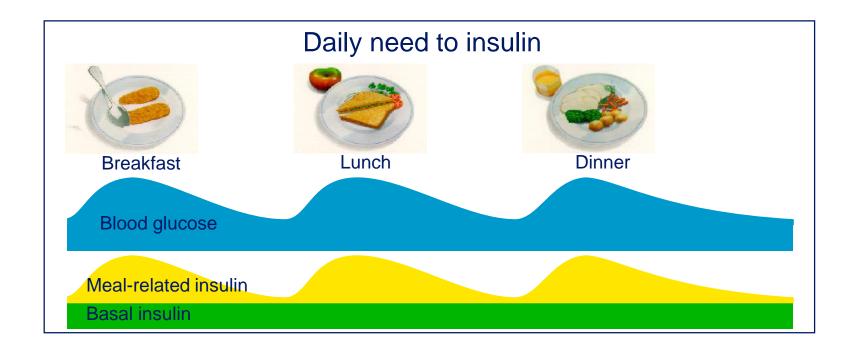
DPP-4i, dipeptidyl peptidase-4 inhibitor; GI, gastrointestinal; GLP-1RA, glucagon-like peptide-1 receptor agonist; HbA_{1c}, glycosylated haemoglobin; SU, sulphonylurea; TZD, thiazolidinedione; \uparrow , weight gain; \downarrow , weight loss; \leftrightarrow , weight

Insulin is the most potent medication in BG control



Decrease in HbA_{1c}: Potency of monotherapy

Normal daily insulin release in the body



Types of insulin

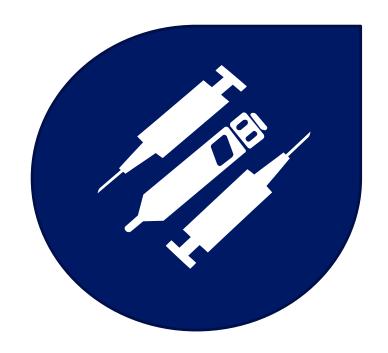
Animal insulin

- Derived from cows and pigs pancreas
- It is obsolete now a days

Human insulin

- Derived from a bacterium
- Regular and NPH insulins
- Premix human insulin

Insulin analogues



	Onset of		Duration of	
Insulin	Action	Peak (h)	Action (h)	
Rapid-acting				
Aspart(NovoRapid®)				
Glulisine(Apidra®)	10 - 15 min	1 - 2	3 - 6	
Lispro(Humalog®)				
Short-acting				
Human Regular	30 - 60 min	2 - 4	6 - 8	
Intermediate-acting				
Human NPH	1 - 2 h	4 - 8	12 - 16	
Long-acting				
Detemir(Levemir®)	_	_	Up to 24 h	
Glargine U100 (Lantus®)	2 - 4 h	-	Up to 24 h	
Glargine U300(Toujeo®)	6 h	-	Up to 36 h	

^{*} Levemir®; Locally approved labeling in Iran version (STF Q2 2014)

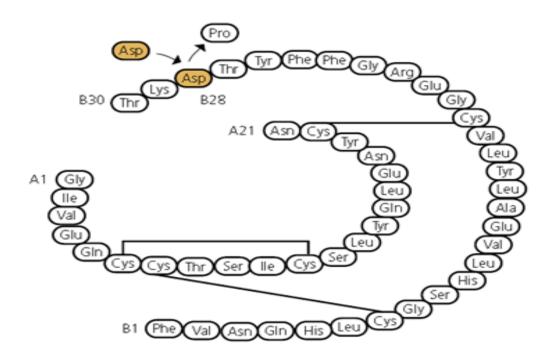
Mudaliar S et al. Endocrinol Metab Clin North Am. 2001 ;30:935-982.; 2. Endotext.com



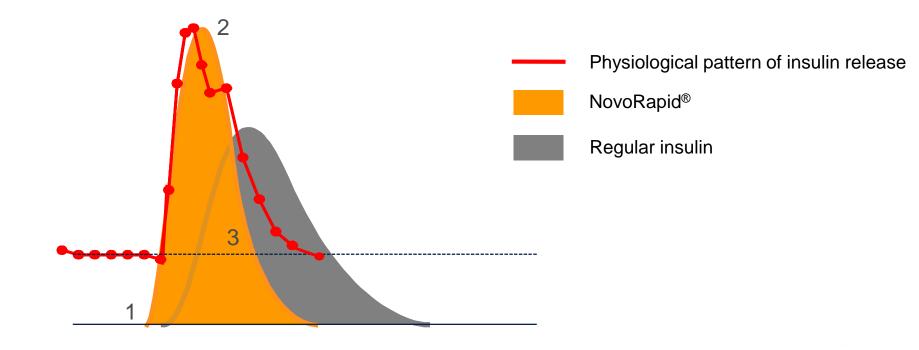
NovoRapid®

Insulin aspart

Insulin aspart



NovoRapid® mechanism of action



Clinical advantages of NovoRapid®

- Indicated in pediatric population ≥1 y o
- In elderly
- During pregnancy
- During lactation



Novo Nordisk Iran. NovoRapid® locally approved labeling in Iran Version (STF March 2017)

Storage conditions

- Before opening store in a refrigerator(2-8°C)
- Do not freeze
- Keep the pen cap on the pen in order to protect from light
- After opening 4 weeks can be stored
- During usage or when carried as a spare must be stored for a max 4 weeks below 30°C



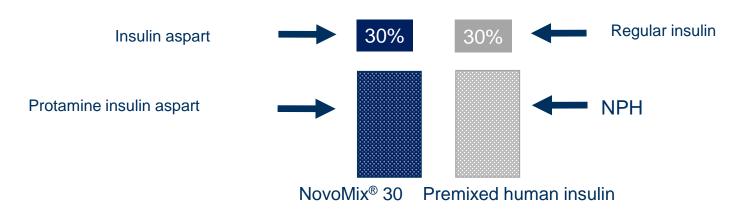
NovoMix® 30

Premix insulin aspart

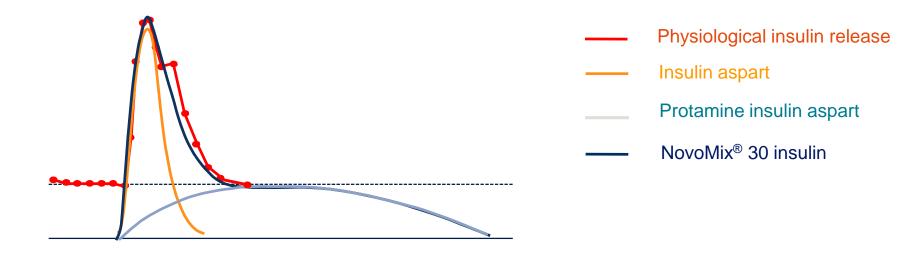
NovoMix® 30 insulin formulation



Premix insulins contain:



Insulins' mechanism of action:



NovoMix® 30 flexpen® features:

- Treatment indications:
- In people with T2DM with or without OADs
- It can be used in combination with liraglutide
- In elderly(evidence in use among those ≥75 y o is limited)
- Kidney and liver impairment: probable requirement for insulin dose reduction
- Pediatrics: in those older than 10 y o, when premix insulin is preferred(in younger population data is limited)
- Pregnancy: data is limited
- During lactation can be used

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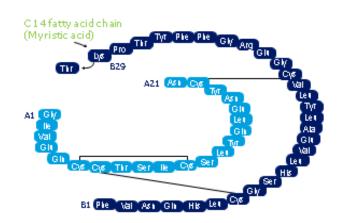
Levemir®

Detemir insulin

Insulin Levemir®

Insulin detemir molecule: monomer

Des threonine (B30) + myristic (mir) acid (B29)

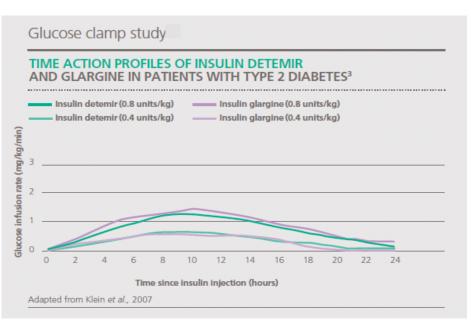




Noue Nordisk, insulin delemir prescribing information, 2015

Insulin Levemir®

- Levemir[®] is a basal analogue insulin
- With a long-acting profile, capable to cover blood glucose for 24 h.



Insulin Levemir® features

- Vast majority of patients can reach HbA₁c control
 - 64% of patients reached HbA₁c≤7%
- Low risk of hypoglycemic events
 - 65% less nocturnal hypoglycemia compare to NPH users
- Less weight gain compared to glargine and NPH
 - 40 % less weight gain than glargine
- Approved in pregnancy and in population older than 1 y o
- It can be used in combination with OADs, prandial insulins, liraglutide

^{1.} Novo Nordisk Iran .Levemir@locally approved labeling in Iran Version(STF May 2017) 2-Blonde, L., et al. Patient-directed titration for achieving glycaemic goals using a once-daily basal insulin analogue: an assessment of two different fasting plasma glucose targets – the TITRATE™ study. Diabetes Obes Metab, 2009. 11(6): p. 623-31.3. Philis-Tsimikas, A., et al. Comparison of once-daily insulin detemir with NPH insulin added to a regimen of oral antidiabetic drugs in poorly controlled type 2 diabetes. Clin Ther, 2006. 28(10): p. 1569-81 4. Swinnen, S.G., et al. Insulin detemir versus insulin glargine for type 2 diabetes mellitus. Cochrane Database Syst Rev, 2011(7): p. CD006383. 5. Horvath, K., et al. Long-acting insulin analogues versus NPH insulin (human isophane insulin) for type 2 diabetes mellitus. Cochrane Database Syst Rev, 2007(2): p. CD005613. 6. Rosenstock J et al. A randomised, 52-week, treat-to-target trial comparing insulin detemir with insulin glarging when administered as add-on to glucose lowering drugs in insulin-naive people with type 2 diabetes. Diabetologia 2008;51:408-16.

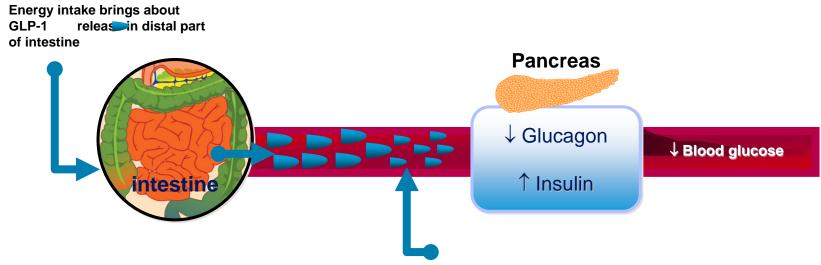
Storage conditions

- Before opening store in a refrigerator(2-8°C)
- Do not freeze
- Keep the pen cap on the pen in order to protect from light
- After opening 6 weeks can be stored
- During usage or when carried as a spare must be stored for a max 4 weeks below 30°C

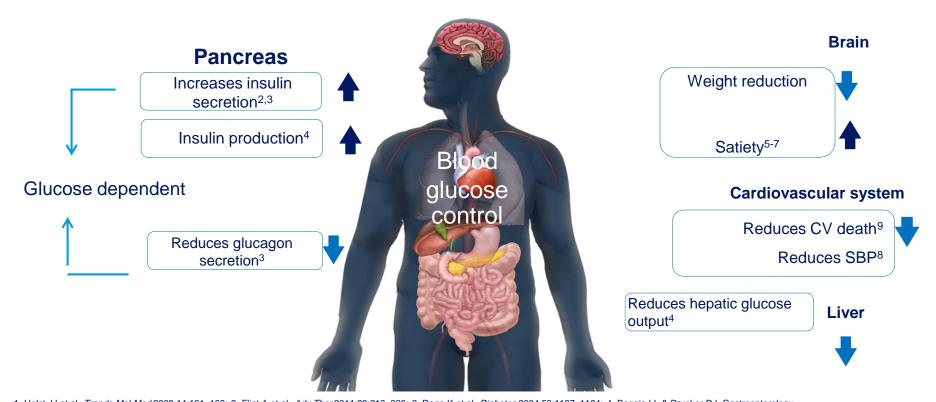
New modalities in diabetes management

Incretin release mechanism

- Incretins are the polypeptide hormones that will be released in response to energy intake
- GLP-1 is an incretin, that after release from distal part of intestine, circulates in the blood and affects pancreas and other organs.



GLP-1 has a various physiological effects on the organism

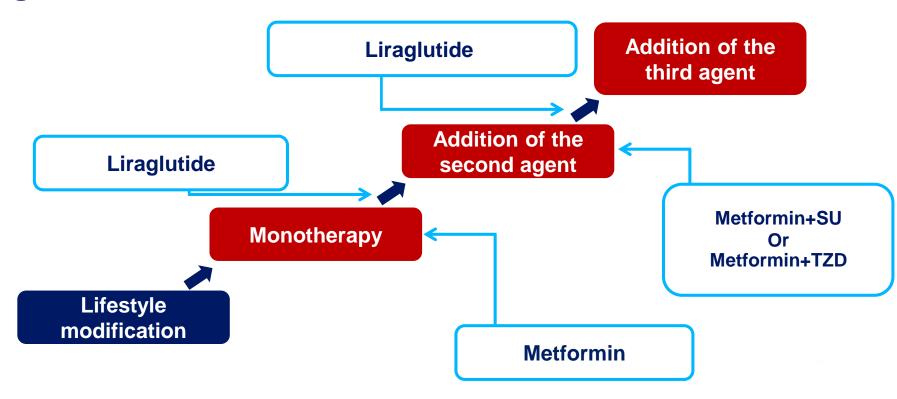


^{1.} Holst JJ et al. *Trends Mol Med* 2008;14:161–168; 2. Flint A et al. *Adv Ther* 2011;28:213–226; 3. Degn K et al. *Diabetes* 2004;53:1187–1194; 4. Baggio LL & Drucker DJ. Gastroenterology 2007;132:2131–2157. 5. Horowitz M et al. *Diabetes Res Clin Pract* 2012;97:258–266; 6. Vilsbøll T et al. *BMJ* 2012;344:d7771. 7. Niswender K et al. *Diabetes Obes* Metab 2013;15:42–54; 8. Fonseca V et al. *Diabetes* 2010;59(suppl 1):A79 (296-OR). 9. Marso SP, Daniels GH, Brown-Frandsen K, et al; the LEADER Steering Committee on behalfof the LEADER Trial Investigators. Liraglutide and cardiovascular outcomes in type 2 diabetes. N Engl J Med. 2016;375(4):311-322.

Victoza®

Liraglutide in diabetes

Liraglutide can be considered in various treatment regimens



Pen properties and administration

- Prefilled pens for SC injection
- 3ml and 18 mg medicinal substance
- Once a day injection should be administered
- Injection can be administered anytime in a day, preferably in a specific time
- There is no relation to energy intake and injection
- No need for SMBG



Treatment considerations

Indications

- The only GLP1-RA approved by ADA to be considered for people with T2DM with CV risk
- Liraglutide can be used in combination with insulin
- No need for dose adjustment among those older than 65 y o
- No need for dose adjustment among those with different levels of renal impairment(eGFR≥15ml/min/1.73m²)
- No need for dose adjustment for those with hepatic impairment

Contraindications and warnings

- It should not be administered in pregnancy and lactation periods
- It should not be used in those with T1DM or DKA
- Liraglutide is not an alternative to insulin

Liraglutide dose

To overcome transient GI complications, start with 0.6mg dose



If patient did not reach the target, increase to max dose 1.8mg

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Saxenda®

Liraglutide 3 mg



Saxenda[®]

- Prefilled injectable soluble
- 1 ml of soluble contains 6 mg liraglutide, a pen contains 3 ml of soluble, which contains 18 mg of the API
- 6 mg/dL is the start dose
- Dose should be increased after a week by 0.6mg/dL to avoid GI intolerance, which is transient
- If the patient could not tolerate the side effect after two consecutive weeks, treatment should be discontinued

Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5 Maintenance dose
0.6 mg	1.2 mg	1.8 mg	2.4 mg	3.0 mg



Indications:

- Saxenda® besides low-calorie diet and increased physical activity in weight management in adults with BMI as below:
- \geq 30kg/m²(obese)
- ≥27kg/m², with at least one of weight related morbidity:
- Dysglycemia(prediabetes, diabetes)
- Hypertension
- Dyslipidemia
- OSA

In case the patient did not lose 5% of their baseline weight after 12 weeks treatment with full dose 3mg per day, the treatment should be stopped.



Demonstrate the first injection in the office to help patients get started



5. Inject the dose

4. Select the dose

• The Saxenda® pen is designed to be used with needles up to a length of 8 mm and as thin as 32G, such as the NovoFine® or NovoTwist® needles.

6. Remove the needle

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